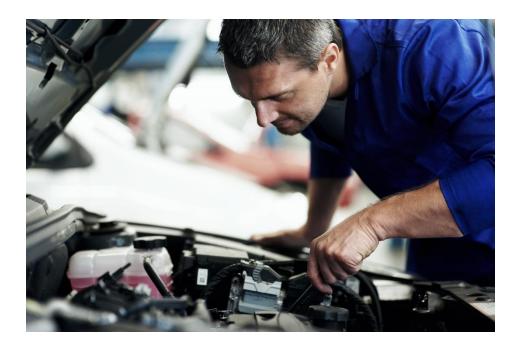
September 2022

# Labor Market Analysis

## Automotive



POWERED BY California Community Colleges



Prepared by the Central Valley/Mother Lode Center of Excellence

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<u>COVID-19 Statement:</u> This report includes employment projection data by Emsi. Emsi's projections are modeled on recorded (historical) employment figures and incorporate several underlying assumptions, including the assumption that the economy during the projection period will be at approximately full employment or potential output. To the extent that a recession or labor shock, such as the economic effects of COVID-19, can cause long-term structural change, they may impact the projections. At this time, it is not possible to quantify the impact of COVID-19 on projections of industry and occupational employment. Other measures such as unemployment rates and monthly industry employment estimates will reflect the most recent information on employment and jobs in the state and, in combination with input from local employers, may help validate current and future employment needs as depicted here.

If for any reason this document is not accessible or if you have specific needs for readability, please contact us and we will do our utmost to accommodate you with a modified version. To make a request, contact Nora Seronello by phone at (209) 575-6894 or by email seronellon@mjc.edu.

### Summary

#### Please note the COVID-19 statement on page 2 when considering this report's findings.

This study conducted by the Central Valley/Mother Lode Center of Excellence examines labor market demand, wages, skills, and postsecondary supply for Automotive. three occupations related to Automotive were identified for San Joaquin Delta College:

- 49-2093, Electrical and Electronics Installers and Repairers, Transportation Equipment
- 49-2096, Electronic Equipment Installers and Repairers, Motor Vehicles
- 49-3023, Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics

#### Key findings:

- Occupational demand Nearly 3,480 workers were employed in jobs related to Automotive in 2021 in the North Central Valley/Northern Mother Lode (NCV/NML) subregion. The largest occupation is automotive service technicians and mechanics with 3,413 workers, a projected growth rate of 5% over the next five years, and 376 annual openings.
- Wages Electrical and electronics installers and repairers, transportation equipment earn the highest entry-level wage, \$29.78/hour in the subregion.
- **Employers** Employers with the most job postings in the subregion are Les Schwab Tire Center, Securitas, and United Parcel Service Incorporated.
- **Occupational titles** The most common occupational title in job postings in the subregion is Automotive Specialty Technicians. The most common job title is Lube Technician.
- Skills and certifications The top baseline skill is communication skills, the top specialized skill is repair, and the top software skill is Microsoft Excel. The most in-demand certification is an Automotive Service Excellence (ASE) Certification.
- Education A postsecondary nondegree award is typically required for automotive service technicians and mechanics and electrical and electronics installers and repairers, transportation equipment. A high school diploma or equivalent is typically required for electronic equipment installers and repairers, motor vehicles.
- **Supply** Analysis of postsecondary completions shows that on average 472 awards were conferred in the Central Valley/Mother Lode region each year.

Based on a comparison of occupational demand and supply, there is an undersupply of 190 trained workers in the subregion and 485 workers in the region. The Center of Excellence recommends that San Joaquin Delta College work with the regional directors, the college's advisory board, and local industry in the expansion of programs to address the shortage of Automotive workers in the region.

### Introduction

The Central Valley/Mother Lode Center of Excellence was asked by San Joaquin Delta College to provide labor market information for Automotive. The geographical focus for this report is the North Central Valley/Northern Mother Lode (NCV/NML) subregion, but regional demand and supply data has been included for broader applicability and use. The average living wage for a single adult in the NCV/NML subregion is \$12.65/hour.<sup>1</sup> Analysis of the program and occupational data related to Automotive resulted in the identification of applicable occupations. The Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) System codes and titles used in this report are:

- 49-2093, Electrical and Electronics Installers and Repairers, Transportation Equipment
- 49-2096, Electronic Equipment Installers and Repairers, Motor Vehicles
- 49-3023, Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics

The occupational titles, job descriptions, sample job titles, and knowledge and skills from the Bureau of Labor Statistics and O\*NET OnLine are shown below.

#### Electrical and Electronics Installers and Repairers, Transportation Equipment

Job Description: Install, adjust, or maintain mobile electronics communication equipment, including sound, sonar, security, navigation, and surveillance systems on trains, watercraft, or other mobile equipment. Knowledge: Engineering and Technology, Computers and Electronics, Mathematics, Public Safety and Security

**Skills:** Critical Thinking, Active Listening, Operations Monitoring, Quality Control Analysis, Complex Problem Solving

#### Electronic Equipment Installers and Repairers, Motor Vehicles

Job Description: Install, diagnose, or repair communications, sound, security, or navigation equipment in motor vehicles.

**Knowledge:** Mechanical, Computers and Electronics, Customer and Personal Service, Mathematics, English Language

Skills: Repairing, Troubleshooting, Critical Thinking, Operations Monitoring, Active Listening

#### **Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics**

Job Description: Diagnose, adjust, repair, or overhaul automotive vehicles.

**Knowledge:** Mechanical, Computers and Electronics, Customer and Personal Service, Engineering and Technology

Skills: Repairing, Troubleshooting, Critical Thinking, Operations Monitoring, Equipment Maintenance

### **Occupational Demand**

The NCV/NML subregion employed 3,478 workers in Automotive occupations in 2021 (Exhibit 1). The largest occupation is automotive service technicians and mechanics with 3,413 workers. This occupation is projected to grow by 5% over the next five years and has the greatest number of projected annual openings, 376.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The term "living wage" in Center of Excellence reports is calculated by averaging the self-sufficiency wages from the Insight Center's California Family Needs Calculator for each county in the subregion: https://insightcced.org/tools-metrics/self-sufficiency-standard-tool-for-california/.

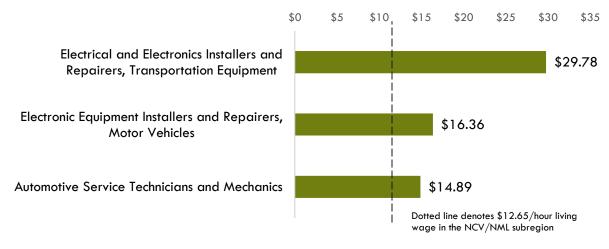
Occupation	2021 Jobs	2026 Jobs	5-Year Change	5-Year % Change	Annual Openings
Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	3,413	3,575	162	5%	376
Electrical and Electronics Installers and Repairers, Transportation Equipment	41	42	1	3%	4
Electronic Equipment Installers and Repairers, Motor Vehicles	25	23	(2)	(7%)	2
TOTAL	3,478	3,640	162	5%	382

#### Exhibit 1. Automotive employment and occupational projections in the NCV/NML subregion

### Wages

Exhibit 2 shows the entry-level hourly wages of the Automotive occupations. Electrical and electronics installers and repairers, transportation equipment earn the highest entry-level wage, \$29.78/hour in the subregion<sup>2</sup>.

#### Exhibit 2. Automotive entry-level wages in the NCV/NML subregion



### Job Postings

There were 717 job postings for the three occupations in the NCV/NML subregion from March 2022 to August 2022.<sup>3</sup> The employers with the most job postings are listed in Exhibit 3.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Entry-level wages are derived from the  $25^{\rm th}$  percentile.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Other than occupation titles and job titles, the categories below can be counted one or multiple times per job posting, and across several areas in a single posting. For example, a skill can be counted in two different skill types, and an employer can indicate more than one education level.

Employer	Job Postings	% Job Postings
Les Schwab Tire Center	18	3%
Securitas	16	3%
United Parcel Service Incorporated	15	3%
Les Schwab	14	3%
Pep Boys	14	3%
General Motors	13	2%
Chevrolet	11	2%
J.B. Hunt Transport, Inc.	11	2%
Safelite Autoglass	11	2%
Honda	10	2%

#### Exhibit 3. Top employers of Automotive by number of job postings

Exhibit 4 shows how job postings for the targeted occupations in the NCV/NML subregion are distributed across three O\*NET OnLine occupations. The occupational title Automotive Specialty Technicians is listed in 689 job postings. Note how this occupational title dominates the job posting results. Common job titles in postings include Lube Technician in 29 job postings, Service Technician in 25 job postings, and Automotive Technician in 21 job postings.

#### Exhibit 4. Top occupational titles in job postings for Automotive

Occupational Title	Job Postings	% of Job Postings
Automotive Specialty Technicians	689	96%
Automotive Master Mechanics	22	3%
Electronic Equipment Installers and Repairers, Motor		
Vehicles	6	1%

#### Salaries

Exhibit 5 shows the "Market Salaries" for Automotive occupations. These are calculated by Burning Glass using a machine learning model built off of millions of job postings every year. This accounts for adjustments based on locations, industry, skills, experience, education requirements, among other variables.

Exhibit 5. Salaries for Automotive occupations

Market Salary Percentile	Salary Amount						
10th Percentile	\$26,475						
25th Percentile	\$31,265						
50th Percentile	\$37,612						
75th Percentile	\$46,358						
90th Percentile	\$53,712						

#### Education

Of the 717 job postings, 278 listed an education level preferred for the positions being filled. Among those, 99% requested high school or vocational training, and 12% requested an associate degree (Exhibit 6). A job posting can indicate more than one education level. Hence, the percentages shown in the chart below may total more than 100%.

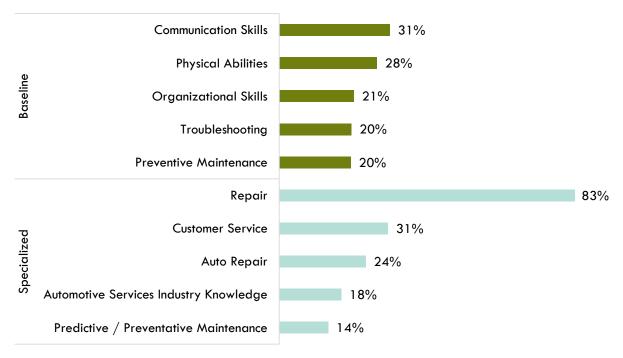
Education Level	Job Postings	% of Job Postings
High school or vocational training	274	99%
Associate degree	32	12%

#### Exhibit 6. Education levels requested in job postings for Automotive

#### **Baseline and Specialized Skills**

Exhibit 7 depicts the top baseline and specialized skills for the targeted occupations. The three most important baseline skills are communication skills, 31% of job postings, physical abilities, 28%, and organizational skills, 21%. The top three specialized skills are repair, 83% of job postings, customer service, 31%, and auto repair, 24%.

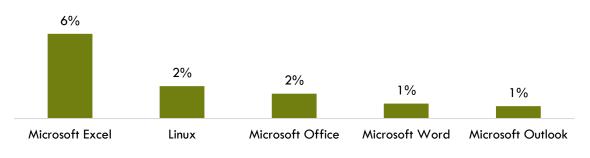




#### Software Skills

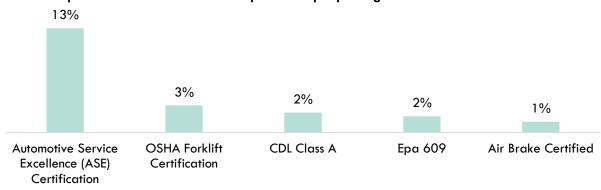
Analysis also included the software skills most in demand by employers. Microsoft Excel and Linux were the top two software skills identified in job postings (Exhibit 8).

#### Exhibit 8. In-demand Automotive software skills



#### Certifications

Of the 717 job postings, 457 contained certification data. Among those, 13% indicated a need for a Automotive Service Excellence (ASE) Certification. The next top certifications are an OSHA Forklift Certification and CDL Class A (Exhibit 9). Please note 94% of job postings indicated a need for a driver's license but it is not a certification.



#### Exhibit 9. Top Automotive certifications requested in job postings

### Education, Work Experience & Training

A postsecondary nondegree award is typically required for automotive service technicians and mechanics and electrical and electronics installers and repairers, transportation equipment. A high school diploma or equivalent is typically required for electronic equipment installers and repairers, motor vehicles (Exhibit 10).

### Exhibit 10. Education, work experience, training, and Current Population Survey results for Automotive occupations<sup>4</sup>

Occupation	Typical Entry-level Education	Work Experience Required	Typical On-The-Job Training	CPS
Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	Postsecondary nondegree award	None	Short-term	35.7%
Electrical and Electronics Installers and Repairers, Transportation Equipment	Postsecondary nondegree award	None	Long-term	44.4%
Electronic Equipment Installers and Repairers, Motor Vehicles	High school diploma or equivalent	None	Moderate- term	44.4%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> "Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey," Bureau of Labor Statistics, https://www.bls.gov/cps/.

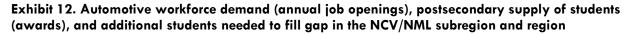
### Supply

Analysis of program data from the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) included the TOP and CIP codes and titles: 094800 - Automotive Technology and 47.0604 - Automobile/Automotive Mechanics Technology/Technician. Analysis of the last three years of data shows that, on average, 472 awards were conferred in the Central Valley/Mother Lode region each year (Exhibit 11).

TOP/ CIP Code- Title	College	Associate Degree	Award 1 < 2 Academic Years	Certificate 12 < 18 Semester Units	Certificate 16 < 30 Semester Units	Certificate 18 < 30 Semester Units	Certificate 30 < 60 Semester Units	Certificate 6 < 18 Semester Units	Certificate 60+ Semester Units	Certificate 8 < 16 Semester Units	Noncredit Award 960+ hours	Subtotal
	Bakersfield	10			19	61	20	0				111
	Columbia	2		6		3	3	7		1		22
	Fresno City	12							1		6	19
094800 - Automotive	Merced	8			9	29	32					78
Technology	Modesto Junior	7		5	2	4	8			2		27
	Reedley College	9					43					51
	San Joaquin Delta	10			7	18	30					65
	Sequoias	6					1	37				43
47.0604 - Automobile/Automotiv e Mechanics Technology/Technician	UEI College- Bakersfield		55									55
TOTAL		64	55	10	37	115	136	44	1	3	6	472

Exhibit 11. Postseconda	y supply for	Automotive occ	upations in the region
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There is an undersupply of 190 Automotive workers in the NCV/NML subregion and 485 workers in the region (Exhibit 12).





### **Student Outcomes**

Exhibit 13 summarizes employment and wage outcomes from the California Community College Chancellor's Cal-PASS Plus LaunchBoard for the TOP code related to Automotive. Of note, 83 automotive technology students received a degree or certificate or attained apprenticeship journey status; 89% of students obtained a job closely related to their field of study; 46% had a median change in earnings; and 56% of students attained a living wage.

Metric			Automotive
Metric			Technology

Exhibit 13. Regional metrics for the TOP code related to Automotive
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	094800
Students Who Got a Degree or Certificate or Attained Apprenticeship Journey Status	83
Number of Students Who Transferred	*
Job Closely Related to Field of Study	89%
Median Change in Earnings	46%
Attained a Living Wage	56%
* denotes data not available.	

### Conclusion

The entry-level wages of the three occupations exceed the NCV/NML subregion's average living wage. There were 717 job postings in the past six months for occupations related to Automotive in the subregion. Analysis of skills and certification requirements in job postings indicates:

- The top baseline skill is communication skills, and the top specialized skill is repair.
- The top software skill is Microsoft Excel.
- The top certification is an Automotive Service Excellence (ASE) Certification.

There is an undersupply of trained workers, a shortage of 190 in the NCV/NML subregion and 485 in the region.

### Recommendation

Based on these findings, it is recommended that San Joaquin Delta College work with the regional directors, the college's advisory board, and local industry in the expansion of programs to address the shortage of Automotive workers in the region.

# Appendix A: Methodology & Data Sources

#### Data Sources

Labor market and educational supply data compiled in this report derive from a variety of sources. Data were drawn from external sources, including the Economic Modeling Specialists, Inc., the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office Management Information Systems Data Mart and the National Center for Educational Statistics (NCES) Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS). Below is the summary of the data sources found in this study.

Data Type	Source
Labor Market Information/Population Estimates and Projections/Educational Attainment	Economic Modeling Specialists, Intl. (EMSI). EMSI occupational employment data are based on final EMSI industry data and final EMSI staffing patterns. Wage estimates are based on Occupational Employment Statistics (QCEW and Non- QCEW Employees classes of worker) and the American Community Survey (Self-Employed and Extended Proprietors). Occupational wage estimates also affected by county-level EMSI earnings by industry: economicmodeling.com.
Typical Education Level and On-the-job Training	Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) uses a system to assign categories for entry- level education and typical on-the-job training to each occupation for which BLS publishes projections data: https://www.bls.gov/emp/tables/educational- attainment.htm.
Labor Force, Employment and Unemployment Estimates	California Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division: labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov.
Job Posting and Skills Data	Burning Glass: burning-glass.com/.
Additional Education Requirements/ Employer Preferences	The O*NET Job Zone database includes over 900 occupations as well as information on skills, abilities, knowledge, work activities and interests associated with specific occupations: onetonline.org.

#### Key Terms and Concepts

Annual Job Openings: Annual openings are calculated by dividing the number of years in the projection period by total job openings.

Education Attainment Level: The highest education attainment level of workers age 25 years or older.

**Employment Estimate:** The total number of workers currently employed.

**Employment Projections:** Projections of employment are calculated by a proprietary Economic Modeling Specialists, Intl. (EMSI) formula that includes historical employment and economic indicators along with national, state and local trends.

**Living Wage:** The cost of living in a specific community or region for one adult and no children. The cost increases with the addition of children.

**Occupation:** An occupation is a grouping of job titles that have a similar set of activities or tasks that employees perform.

**Percent Change:** Rate of growth or decline in the occupation for the projected period; this does not factor in replacement openings.

**Replacements:** Estimate of job openings resulting from workers retiring or otherwise permanently leaving an occupation. Workers entering an occupation often need training. These replacement needs, added to job openings due to growth, may be used to assess the minimum number of workers who will need to be trained for an occupation.

**Total Job Openings (New + Replacements):** Sum of projected growth (new jobs) and replacement needs. When an occupation is expected to lose jobs, or retain the current employment level, number of openings will equal replacements.

Typical Education Requirement: represents the typical education level most workers need to enter an occupation.

**Typical On-The-Job Training**: indicates the typical on-the-job training needed to attain competency in the skills needed in the occupation.

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