



FOR PROGRAM RECOMMENDATION

NURSESIN THE GREATER SACRAMENTO REGION

North (Greater Sacramento)
Center of Excellence

OCTOBER 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Summary	3
Introduction	4
Occupational Demand	5
Wages	6
Job Postings	7
About Job Postings Analysis	7
Top Employers and Job Titles	7
Top Skills and Qualifications	9
Education and Training Requirements	12
Educational Supply	13
Community College Supply	13
Other Postsecondary Supply	14
Findings	15
Recommendations	16
Appendix A. Methodology and Sources	17
Appendix B. Glossary	18

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SUMMARY

The North (Greater Sacramento) of Excellence for Labor Market Research prepared this report to provide a labor market analysis of educational supply and occupational demand for middle-skilled careers in the North (Greater Sacramento) subregion. This report aims to determine if demand in the local labor market is unmet by the supply from existing community college programs and other postsecondary training providers.

This report primarily focuses on training that leads to jobs in middle-skilled occupations - jobs that typically require education beyond a high school diploma but less than a bachelor's degree - but may include higher-skilled occupations for training pathways that lead to a bachelor's degree. Lowered skilled occupations are rarely considered in this analysis due to the lessened barriers for entry-level work, such as no formal education and fewer on-the-job training requirements.

Key findings include:

- The North (Greater Sacramento) subregion held 30,359 nursing jobs in 2022. Nursing jobs are projected to increase by 10% over the next five years, adding 3,096 new jobs to the subregion by 2027.
- Over the next five years, nursing jobs are projected to have 2,573 annual openings in the North (Greater Sacramento) subregion.
- Wage data shows that nurses earn \$11 to \$34 above the subregion's living wage of \$18.72 per hour. (See Appendix B for notes about the updated living wage).
- Awards data analysis shows that North (Greater Sacramento) training providers conferred an average of 275 awards (certificates and associate degrees) in Nursing (1230.00), Registered Nursing (1230.10), and Licensed Vocational Nursing (1230.20) programs over the last three academic years.

Recommendations include:

• The North (Greater Sacramento) Center of Excellence recommends developing new programs and expanding existing ones to meet the increased demand for registered and vocational nurses.

INTRODUCTION

The North (Greater Sacramento) Center of Excellence (COE) was asked to provide labor market information for a proposed program at a regional community college. This report focuses on the following Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) occupations and codes:

- These middle-skill occupations require more education and training beyond a high school diploma but usually less than a four-year degree:
 - Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses (29-2061)
- Students who transfer and earn a four-year degree could pursue the following high-skill occupations:
 - Registered Nurses (29-1141)

A review of related programs revealed the following Taxonomy of Programs (TOP) title(s) and code(s) are appropriate for inclusion in this report:

- Nursing (1230.00)
- Registered Nursing (1230.10)
- Licensed Vocational Nursing (1230.20)

The corresponding Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) title(s) and code(s) are:

- Registered Nursing/Registered Nurse (51.3801)
- Licensed Practical/Vocational Nurse Training (51.3901)

OCCUPATIONAL DEMAND

Exhibit 1 summarizes the five-year projected job growth for the studied occupations in North (Greater Sacramento)¹, North/Far North, and California.

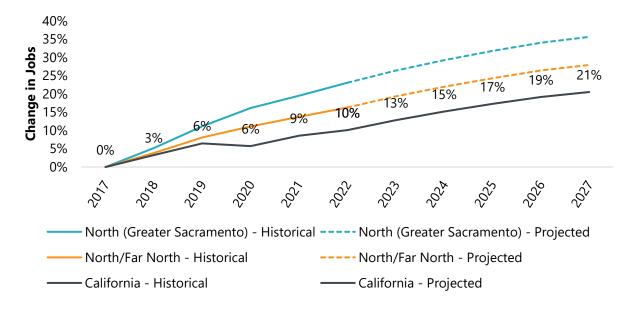
Exhibit 1. Employment and projected demand, 2022-2027

Occupation	2022 Jobs	2027 Jobs	2022-2027 Change	2022-2027 % Change	2022-2027 Annual Openings
Registered Nurses	25,528	28,098	2,569	10%	2,057
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	4,831	5,357	526	11%	516
North (Greater Sacramento)	30,359	33,455	3,096	10%	2,573
Registered Nurses	32,240	35,454	3,215	10%	2,585
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	6,341	6,993	652	10%	669
North/Far North	38,581	42,448	3,867	10%	3,254
Registered Nurses	336,061	366,924	30,863	9%	26,191
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	77,280	85,585	8,304	11%	8,235
California	413,341	452,509	39,168	9%	34,426

¹ The North (Greater Sacramento) subregion covers seven counties, including El Dorada, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, Sutter, Yolo, and Yuba.

Exhibit 2 compares the net changes in jobs between 2017 through 2022 and the projected changes through 2027. The rate of change is indexed to the total number of jobs in 2017.

Exhibit 2. Changes in employment, 2017-2027



Wages

Exhibit 3 compares the 25th percentile, median, and 75th percentile hourly wages for the selected occupations to the Greater Sacramento living wage for one working adult (\$18.72 per hour) and a small family (\$28.91 per hour).^{2,3} The 25th and 75th percentile hourly wages are used to estimate entry-level and experienced worker wages.

Exhibit 3. Hourly wages by occupation, 2022



² Living wage is defined as the level of income one working adult with no children must earn to meet basic needs, including food, housing, transportation, healthcare, taxes, and other miscellaneous basic needs. Please note that the 25th-percentile and 75th-percentile hourly wages are used as proxy for entry-level and experienced-level wages.

³ A small family is defined as one working adult and one school aged child (between the ages of 5 and 12 years).

JOB POSTINGS

About Job Postings Analysis

This section analyzes recent data from online job postings. Online job postings may provide additional insight into recent changes in the labor market that are not captured by historical trends. However, job postings differ from labor market demand; demand is based on projected annual openings. Job postings should be used to inform community college curriculum development and identify potential employers for targeted experiential learning opportunities.

Please note several limitations to analyzing and interpreting online job postings. Employers may post a position multiple times to increase the number of job applicants. Job postings may remain online after a business chooses not to fill a position. Employers may advertise one posting to fill multiple vacancies. And not all jobs are posted online.

The North COE identified 13,504 online job postings for the selected occupations in the seven-county Greater Sacramento subregion. Job posting data comes from Lightcast (formerly Emsi Burning Glass) and represents unique advertisements newly posted online during the last 12 months, from October 2022 through September 2023.

Top Employers and Job Titles

Exhibit 4 details the number of online job postings for the selected occupations.

Exhibit 4. Job postings by occupation

Occupation	Unique Job Postings	Share of Job Postings
Registered Nurses	11,374	84%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	2,130	16%
Total Job Postings	13,504	100%

Exhibit 5 shows the top 10 relevant job titles with the most job postings.

Exhibit 5. Top jobs titles

Job Title	Number of Job Postings
Registered Nurses	1,035
Licensed Vocational Nurses	937
Home Health Registered Nurses	329
Medical-Surgical Registered Nurses	246
Hospice Registered Nurses	215
ICU Registered Nurses	188
Case Managers	186
Staff Nurses	182
Licensed Practical Nurses/Licensed Vocational Nurses	164
Operating Room Registered Nurses	147

Exhibit 6 shows the top 10 relevant employers with the most job postings for the selected occupations.

Exhibit 6. Top Employers

Employer	Number of Job Postings
Kaiser Permanente	871
Sutter Health	869
UC Davis Health	740
CommonSpirit Health	588
University of California	570
Asante	324
Community Regional Medical Center	226

Employer	Number of Job Postings
UC Davis Health System	199
DaVita	190
Adventist Health	174

Top Skills and Qualifications

Exhibit 7 shows the most relevant certifications requested by employers for the selected occupations.

Exhibit 7. Most in-demand certifications

Certification	Job Postings	Share of Job Postings
Registered Nurse (RN)	10,710	79%
Basic Life Support (BLS) Certification	5,459	40%
Advanced Cardiovascular Life Support (ACLS) Certification	2,663	20%
Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) Certification	2,529	19%
Licensed Vocational Nurse (LVN)	2,253	17%

Exhibit 8 shows the top 10 skills across three categories for the studied occupations: specialized, essential, and software skills.⁴

Exhibit 8. Most in-demand skills

Specialized Skills	Common Skills	Software Skills
Nursing	Communications	Microsoft Outlook
Nursing Care	Leadership	Microsoft Office
Nursing Process	English Language	Microsoft Excel
Performance Improvement	Interpersonal Communications	Microsoft Word
Acute Care	Planning	Epic EMR
Direct Patient Care	Management	Microsoft PowerPoint
Medication Administration	Accountability	Patient Management Software
Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation	Computer Literacy	Clinic Management Systems
Home Health Care	Customer Service	Medical Software
Medical Records	Coordinating	Homeless Management Information System

⁴ Specialized skills are those primarily required to perform specific tasks in an occupation. Essential skills are typically related to employability. These are skills that are prevalent across many occupations, and include both interpersonal attributes and learned skills (aka "soft skills"). Software skills are specific to any software tool or programming component used to support a job.

Exhibit 9 shows the minimum education level preferred by employers for related job postings in the Greater Sacramento subregion.⁵

Exhibit 9. Employer-preferred education

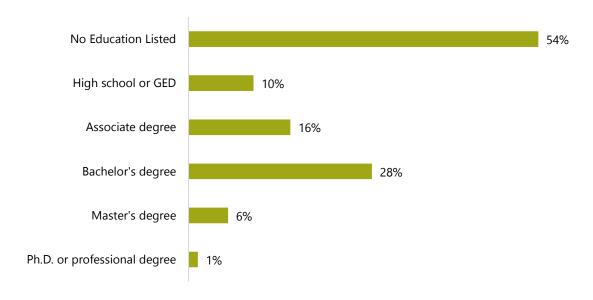
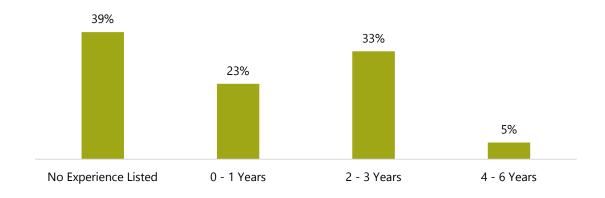


Exhibit 10 shows the minimum level of experience employers prefer for related job postings in the Greater Sacramento subregion.⁶

Exhibit 10. Employer-preferred job experience



⁵ Employers may include more than one level of education as a hiring requirement in a job posting. As a result, the values in exhibit 9 may sum to greater than 100%.

⁶ Employers may include more than one level of experience as a hiring requirement in a job posting. As a result, the values in exhibit 10 may sum to greater than 100%.

EDUCATION AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

The U.S. Census Bureau collects data on the highest education level achieved by workers across all occupations. Exhibit 11 shows California's educational attainment of the current workforce in the selected occupations.

To%
14%
58%
53%
53%

Registered Nurses
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses

High school or less Some college Associates Bachelor's Master's or Doctoral

Exhibit 11. California educational attainment for selected occupations, 2019

The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) uses a categorical system to assign typical entry-level education and job requirements to each occupation for which the BLS publishes projection data. These categories include entry-level education, work experience in a related occupation, and onthe-job training. Exhibit 12 shows the selected occupations' typical entry-level job requirements.

Exhibit 12. Typical entry-level job requirements

Occupation	Entry-level Education Requirements	Work Experience Requirements	On-The-Job Training Requirements
Registered Nurses	Bachelor's degree	None	None
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	Postsecondary nondegree award	None	None

EDUCATIONAL SUPPLY

Educational supply for an occupation can be estimated by analyzing the number of awards issued in related Taxonomy of Programs (TOP) or Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) codes. Exhibit 13 shows the TOP and CIP codes for educational programs related to the selected occupations.

Exhibit 13. TOP and CIP codes for training programs related to the selected occupations

TOP Programs and Codes	Aligned CIP Programs and Codes
Nursing (1230.00)	See below.
Registered Nursing (1230.10)	Registered Nursing/Registered Nurse (51.3801)
Licensed Vocational Nursing (1230.20)	Licensed Practical/Vocational Nurse Training (51.3901)

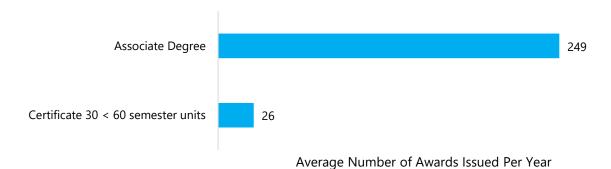
Community College Supply

Exhibits 14 and 15 compare the average number of certificates and degrees from selected Greater Sacramento community college programs over the last three academic years.

Exhibit 14. Annual average community college awards by program

Program - TOP Code	College	Annual Awards 2019-20	Annual Awards 2020-21	Annual Awards 2021-22	3-Yr Annual Awards Average
Licensed Vocational Nursing (1230.20)	Sacramento City	40	41	70	50
	Subtotal	40	41	70	50
Registered Nursing (1230.10)	American River	77	66	56	66
	Sacramento City	69	61	62	64
	Sierra	38	37	37	37
	Yuba	55	58	58	57
	Subtotal	239	222	213	225
	Grand Total	279	263	283	275

Exhibit 15. Annual average community college awards by type, 2019-20 through 2021-22



Other Postsecondary Supply

Exhibit 16 compares the average number of degrees that non-community college training providers conferred in the Greater Sacramento subregion over the last two academic years.

Please note that non-community college data often lags by one year, and other postsecondary awards data covers a two-year average due to taxonomy updates from the 2010 to 2020 CIP codes.

Exhibit 16. Other postsecondary awards by program

Program - CIP Code	Provider	Annual Awards 2019-20	Annual Awards 2020-21	2-Yr Annual Awards Average
Registered Nursing/Registered Nurse (51.3801)	Carrington College- Sacramento	65	48	57
	Subtotal	65	48	57
Licensed Practical/ Vocational Nurse Training (51.3901)	Carrington College- Sacramento	185	213	199
	Charles A Jones Career and Education Center	40	14	27
	Subtotal	225	227	226
	Grand Total	290	275	283

FINDINGS

This report focuses on two occupations in the nursing occupational pathway: registered nurses and licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses.

Occupational Demand

- The Greater Sacramento subregion held 30,359 nursing jobs in 2022. These jobs are projected to increase by 10% over the next five years, adding 3,096 new jobs to the subregion by 2027.
 - o In 2022, most nursing jobs (84%) were held by registered nurses. The remaining 16% were for licensed vocational nurses.
- Nursing jobs are projected to grow faster in the Greater Sacramento subregion than in California.
- Over the next five years, nursing jobs are projected to have 2,573 annual openings in the Greater Sacramento subregion. Most openings (2,057) are for registered nurses, with the remainder (516) for licensed vocational nurses.

Wages

- Wage data shows that nursing occupations earn \$11 to \$34 above the single adult living wage of \$18.72 per hour. Entry-level wages are highest for registered nurses at \$52 per hour.
- Nurses earn median wages of \$3 to \$36 above the living wage for a small family (\$28.91 per hour).

Job Postings

- In the last 12 months, there were 13,504 online job postings for nursing occupations.
- The top job title was registered nurses, representing 84% of online job postings.

Education and Training Requirements

- Between 27% and 67% of incumbent workers in the studied occupations have educational attainment levels consistent with community college offerings (some college or associate degrees). Another 10% to 58% of workers in these occupations hold a bachelor's degree.
- Regarding the minimum level of education preferred by employers, 28% listed a bachelor's degree.

Postsecondary Supply

• Four Greater Sacramento community colleges offer degrees and certificates in nurserelated programs. These programs conferred an average of 275 awards (certificates and associate degrees) in nursing programs over the last three academic years (2019-20 through 2021-22).

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• Local non-community college postsecondary training providers also offer training related to the studied occupations. Between 2019-20 and 2020-21, non-community college training providers conferred an average of 283 awards in nursing programs over the last two years. Please note that non-community college awards data often lags by one year.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Based on a comparison of annual openings to average annual awards in the Greater Sacramento subregion, there seems to be an undersupply of registered and vocational nurses.
 - Community colleges and other postsecondary training providers issued an average of 558 awards over the last three years.
 - o There are 2,573 projected annual openings for nursing jobs.
- The North (Greater Sacramento) Center of Excellence recommends moving forward in developing new programs in nursing.

New Program Recommendation		
Move forward with the new program	Proceed with caution	A new program is not recommended

Program Modification	
Move forward with program modifications	Program modifications are not recommended

APPENDIX A. METHODOLOGY AND SOURCES

This report identified Occupations using the Center of Excellence TOP-to-CIP-to-SOC crosswalk and O*Net OnLine. This report's findings were determined using labor market data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), U.S. Census Bureau data from Emsi, and jobs posting data from Burning Glass.

- "The Chancellor's Office Curriculum Inventory System (COCI)." California Community Colleges Curriculum Inventory (COCI), 2023. https://coci2.ccctechcenter.org/.
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- Lightcast (Formerly EMSI/Burning Glass) 2023.3; QCEW Employees, Non-QCEW Employees, and Self-Employed. https://www.economicmodeling.com/. (Note: EMSI occupational employment data are based on final EMSI industry data and final EMSI staffing patterns. Wage estimates are based on Occupational Employment Statistics (QCEW and Non-QCEW Employees classes of worker) and the American Community Survey (Self-Employed and Extended Proprietors)).
- Management Information Systems (MIS) Data Mart. California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. https://datamart.ccco.edu/.
- O*NET OnLine. U.S. Department of Labor/Employment and Training Administration (DOL ETA). https://www.onetonline.org/.
- Self-Sufficiency Standard Tool for California. The University of Washington. <u>http://www.selfsufficiencystandard.org/</u>
- "Taxonomy of Programs." California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. June 2012, 6th
 Edition. <a href="https://www.ccco.edu/-/media/CCCO-Website/About-Us/Divisions/Educational-Services-and-Support/Academic-Affairs/What-we-do/Curriculum-and-Instruction-Unit/Files/TOPmanual6200909corrected12513pdf.ashx
- "TOP-CIP-SOC Crosswalk." Centers of Excellence for Labor Market Research. June 2021 Edition. http://coeccc.net/

APPENDIX B. GLOSSARY

Key Terms	Definition
Occupation	Occupation refers to a category of jobs, careers, or professions that are similar regarding the work performed and the skills the workers possess. Workers who perform essentially the same tasks are in the same occupation, whether in the same industry. Some occupations are concentrated in a few industries, while others are found in many industries.
	Occupations differ from jobs in that jobs show the number of positions held in each occupation.
Jobs	A job is a specific instance of employment and includes any position where a worker provides labor for monetary compensation.
	Job numbers include employees (those who work for businesses) and proprietors (those who work for themselves). Full- and part-time jobs are included and counted equally (i.e., not adjusted to full-time equivalents). Data for jobs, or employment, are annual averages.
Employment	Employment refers to filled jobs, whether full- or part-time, temporary or permanent. The scope of "who" is counted as employed is noted in Appendix A. Methodology and Sources.
Job Change	Job change is the net increase or decrease of jobs over a given timeframe.
Job Opening	Job openings are the projected number of positions available for workers entering an occupation.
	Openings include growth and replacement job counts. Growth job counts are the positive change in the total number of workers employed. Replacement job counts are the estimates of new workers needed to replace workers permanently leaving the occupation.
Percentile Wage (or wages)	A percentile wage is the value of a wage at which a certain percentage of workers falls below. For example, a 25 th percentile hourly wage of \$15.00 indicates that 25% of workers earn less than \$15.00, while 75% earn more. Percentile wages are specific to the geography shown in the report.
	The 25th-percentile and 75th-percentile hourly wages are used as a proxy for entry-level and experienced-level wages.
Living Wage	The living wage is the level of income a single, working adult with no children must earn to meet basic needs. The living wage is calculated using basic allowances for food, housing, transportation, healthcare, taxes, and other miscellaneous basic needs and assumes full-time employment (40 hours per week, 52 weeks a year).

Key Terms	Definition
	Beginning in 2023-24, NFN COE adopted the MIT calculations for a living wage better aligned to the economic conditions following the pandemic. For additional information, please visit https://livingwage.mit.edu/ .
Educational Attainment	Educational attainment is the highest level of education achieved by workers in an occupation. The data include workers aged 25 years and older.
Typical Entry-level Education	The education level most workers need to gain employment in an occupation. Categories range from "no formal educational credential" and "high school diploma or equivalent" to "doctoral or professional degree." The types most relevant to community training are "some college, no degree," "postsecondary nondegree award," and "associate degree."
	The typical entry-level education may differ from the actual educational levels attained by workers employed in an occupation.
Typical Work Experience	The relevant prior experience a worker needs to gain employment in an occupation. Categories include "5 years or more", "less than five years," and "none."
Typical On-The-Job (OTJ) Training	The level of on-the-job training a worker needs to obtain for competency in the skills required for an occupation. Categories include "none," "short-term (1 month or less)," "moderate-term (more than one month but less than 12 months)," "long-term (more than 12 months)," "apprenticeship," and "internship/residency."
Awards	Awards are the number of certificates and degrees conferred for a specific course of study each year. Awards count "papers" and, as a result, may be greater than the number of students who complete a program.

<u>Funding Acknowledgement:</u> This report was made available with Strong Workforce Program funding from the North Far North Regional Consortium.

COVID-19 Statement: This report includes employment projection data produced by Lightcast (formerly EMSI). Employment projections are developed using models based on historical data, which in this set of projections covers the period through 2021. Most input data, therefore, precedes the pandemic. Employment projections are long-term projections intended to capture structural changes in the economy, not cyclical fluctuations. As such, projections data are not intended to capture the impacts of the recession that began in February 2020. Cyclical fluctuations, like recessions, impact projections when they become part of the historical data set.

Important Disclaimer: All representations included in this report have been produced from primary research and/or secondary review of publicly and/or privately available data and/or research reports. Efforts have been made to qualify and validate the accuracy of the data and the reported findings; however, neither the Centers of Excellence, COE host District, nor California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office are responsible for applications or decisions made by recipient community colleges, or their representatives based upon components or recommendations contained in this study.

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